

If you want to know what horse feed is grain free, the short answer is a horse feed made without cereal grains such as oats, barley, maize, or wheat. Such feeds are usually designed to be **lower in starch**, **lower in sugar**, and **high fibre**, with a clearer focus on **forage-led** nutrition. That makes them a popular choice for horses that need a calmer, more controlled diet, especially where **digestive health** or **laminitis** is a concern.

Feeding without grain does not mean “no energy” or “all hay and nothing else”. A good grain-free **horse feed** can still be **well balanced** and suitable for leisure horses, **performance horse diets**, and horses that need careful **energy intake** management. The key is understanding the different **feed options**, reading the **feeding label** properly, and choosing the right **daily ration** for your horse’s **body condition** and workload.

What is the meaning of grain-free horse feed mean?

Grain-free horse feed is food that avoids traditional cereal grains as the main part. Instead of relying on starch from oats or barley, it contains ingredients such as chopped fibre, grass nuts, alfalfa, beet pulp, oil, and added **vitamins and minerals**. In many cases, this makes the feed more ideal for horses that do best on a **high fibre** diet.

Among the many **types of horse feed**, grain-free options sit alongside mixes, cubes, pellets, chaffs, balancers, and full ration feeds. Some are **complete horse feed**, meaning they are designed to supply the full nutritional package when fed as directed. Others are straights or supplements that must be paired with **forage** such as **hay** or **haylage**.

A grain-free diet is often preferred because the horse’s **digestive system** is better suited to fibrous feeds than to large amounts of starch. That can support **hindgut health**, steadier behaviour, and improved **digestibility**. However, grain-free does not automatically mean suitable for every horse, and it does not replace the need for careful feeding management.

Which horse feeds are usually grain free?

Many **horse feed companies** now offer grain-free products, from plain fibre blends to fully fortified products. Brands such as **spillers horse feed** include a [Browse this site](#) range of feeds suited to different needs, including low starch, low sugar, and fibre-first formulas. The same is true across other producers that focus on performance, leisure, and condition-building products.

Popular grain-free **types of horse feed** include:

- **Complete horse feed** created to replace or reduce the need for additional hard feed
- **Conditioning feed** for horses requiring weight gain or improved topline
- Low starch balancers and ration builders
- Fibre cubes and pellets made from beet pulp, alfalfa, or grass
- Oil-rich feeds that raise energy without adding grain

Plenty of these feeds are marketed as appropriate for horses that need a calmer diet, better **digestive health**, or help maintaining a steady **body condition**. Some are specifically aimed at horses with metabolic sensitivity, while others are intended for active horses that need extra fuel without a heavy cereal load.

When comparing products, do not rely on the front of the bag alone. A feed may be grain free, but still contain plenty of **sugar** or enough **starch** to matter for a sensitive horse. Always check the analytical constituents and

ingredient list before deciding.

Is grain-free feed suitable for every horse?

Not necessarily. Good **horse feeding rules** start with the idea that the horse is a unique animal. A grain-free plan can be perfect for one horse and unsuitable for another. That is why **horse feed for beginners** advice usually starts with the basics: know the horse's weight, workload, temperament, forage access, and health history before selecting a feed.

Under standard **horse feed advice uk**, the first question is usually whether the horse needs hard feed at all. Many horses do well on **forage** alone, especially if they are easy keepers. Others need a grain-free hard feed to supply extra nutrients, support condition, or help with training and work.

Grain-free feed may be a good idea if your horse:

- Is a **good doer** and gains weight easily
- Has had **laminitis** or is considered at risk
- Needs a **low starch** diet for behavioural or digestive reasons
- Needs extra fibre rather than cereal energy
- Struggles with large amounts of traditional hard feed

It may be less suitable if the horse needs very high energy intake and cannot hold weight despite generous forage and an appropriate **complete horse feed**. In these cases, you may need a more concentrated solution, potentially still grain free, but carefully chosen for energy density and nutrient profile.

How to check labels for grain free ingredients

Reading labels is one of the most vital skills in selecting grain-free **horse feed**. A feed can say "grain free" but still include ingredients that contribute substantial **sugar** or **starch**. Start with the ingredient panel, then move to the nutritional analysis, and finally compare that information with the feeding directions.

Check for:

- A clear statement that the feed is grain free
- Low reported **starch** and **sugar** levels
- A fibre-rich ingredient list
- Included **vitamins and minerals**
- Instructions for the total **daily ration**

Suitable ingredients often include alfalfa, beet pulp, grass, linseed, soya hulls, vegetable oil, and other fibrous sources. These contribute to a more **forage based** formula. If the feed is a **complete horse feed**, it should state that it can fulfil requirements when fed at the recommended amount. If not, it may need to be paired with a **balancer** or additional supplementation.

A **horse feeding chart** can help you compare the feed against your horse's size and workload, but it should be used together with the label rather than instead of it. For horses with special needs, especially those prone to **laminitis**, a diet review is more important than marketing terms.

Do grain-free diets still supply sufficient energy?

Yes, grain-free diets can provide enough energy for many horses. The key is knowing the difference between energy from starch and energy from fibre and oil. A grain-free feed often uses fibre fermentation and fat as the main **energy source**, which can support steady performance and better **digestive system** function.

For owners using a **horse feed calculator uk**, the goal is usually to align the feed to the horse's weight, workload, and condition without overfeeding calories. This helps prevent unnecessary weight gain while still supporting exercise, recovery, and overall health. The calculator can be a useful starting point, but it cannot replace practical assessment of **body condition** and behaviour.

Grain-free diets may also affect **horse feed cost**. Some fibre-rich and specialised feeds are more expensive per bag than basic mixes, but the true cost depends on how much is fed, how concentrated the product is, and whether it replaces other components in the ration. A more expensive bag may last longer if the feed is highly concentrated and fed in smaller amounts.

A well-formulated **complete horse feed** can still supply enough energy for work, provided it is fed according to the manufacturer's **feeding guide**. For horses with higher demands, energy may be increased through additional forage, oil, and a carefully selected conditioning product rather than cereal grains.

Cereal-free feeding choices by horse type

Different horses need different varied feeding strategies, and that is where practical **horse feed advice uk** becomes useful. An easy **horse feeding chart** can help owners align feed type to workload, but it should always be adjusted for temperament, condition, and health history. For **horse feed for beginners**, the safest approach is to start with forage, then build the ration only if needed.

For good doers and overweight horses

Easy keepers usually thrive on controlled rations and plenty of low-calorie **forage**. For these horses, horse feeding rules often focus on keeping **calorie intake** down while maintaining chewing time and digestive comfort. A grain-free option can work well here because it often supports a **high fibre**, low **starch** approach.

Rely on the **horse feed calculator uk** as a guide, then monitor bodyweight regularly and adjust. Steer clear of overfeeding conditioning products, even if they are grain free, because some still supply concentrated energy. For many good doers, a balancer with measured forage and a small amount of fibre feed is enough.

For poor doers and working horses

Hard keepers and horses in heavier work may need a more generous ration. In these cases, a **complete horse feed** can be a sensible option because it provides a nutrient-dense base without having to build a complicated mix from scratch. Some owners also use a home-made **horse feed mix recipe** to combine fibre, oil, and additional digestible calories.

For a **performance horse**, grain-free feeding can still support training if the ration is well planned. The most important factors are digestibility, fibre quality, and enough energy to maintain condition and recovery. A sensible mix may include a high-quality fibre feed, oil, and a balancer to cover **vitamins and minerals**.

How much does grain-free horse feed cost?

Horse feed cost varies a lot depending on presentation, nutritional concentration, and brand. When people ask **how much does horse feed cost**, the simple answer is that it depends on the feed's density and how much your

horse actually needs daily. Grain-free products often have a higher price per bag than basic cereal mixes, but they may be fed in smaller quantities.

Several factors influence the final price:

- Whether the product is a **complete horse feed** or a supplement
- The level of fibre and fat sources
- Added nutrients and targeted nutritional support
- Brand positioning from **horse feed companies**
- How much is needed in the **daily ration**

It is useful to weigh cost per day rather than cost per bag. A more dense feed may appear expensive, but if it substitutes for several other items in the diet, the overall **horse feed cost** may be fair. Always calculate feeding by the recommended amount, not by the label headline.

Can you make a grain-free horse feed mix at home?

Yes, but it should be done carefully. A home **horse feed mix recipe** can be useful for owners who want a say over ingredients, but it is easy to create an off-balance ration if you do not account for **vitamins and minerals**, energy, and protein. Not every **types of horse feed** are suitable for DIY mixing, especially if the horse has medical problems or specific dietary requirements.

Numerous people blend fibre chop, beet pulp, linseed, oil, and a feed balancer. However, this is worth doing if the full ration remains **nutritionally balanced**. If you build your own mix, compare it with reputable feeds from **horse feed companies** and be certain you are not leaving out key nutrients.

The main risk with home-mixed feeds is assuming grain free automatically means secure or sufficient. Without careful formulation, a feed can be too low in protein, too rich in **sugar**, or lacking in crucial essential nutrients. If you are uncertain, select a store-bought grain-free feed or obtain professional **horse feed advice uk**.

10 guidelines for feeding horses when selecting grain-free feed

These 10 **10 rules of feeding horses** help ensure grain-free diets sensible, safe, and effective:

- Build the diet on **forage** above all.
- Pick **grain free** feeds that are also **low sugar** and **low starch** if necessary.
- Tailor feed to the horse's **body condition** and exercise level.
- Check the **feed label** rather than relying on marketing claims.
- Use a **horse feeding chart** as a guide, not a fixed plan.
- Add any new feed gradually to support **digestive health**.
- Do not assume all grain-free feeds are equal in energy or nutrients.
- Think about whether the ration needs a **balancer** or a **complete horse feed**.
- Keep an eye on **laminitis** risk and overall **hindgut health**.
- Review the diet regularly and change as work, season, or condition changes.

Using these rules will help you build a practical feeding plan rather than simply buying a trendy product. Grain-free feeding works best when it is part of a careful, forage-led approach.

FAQ: grain-free horse feed questions answered

What horse feed is grain free?

Grain-free horse feed is any feed formulated without cereal grains such as oats, barley, wheat, or maize. It usually relies on fibre, oil, and other non-cereal ingredients to provide energy and nutrients. Many grain-free products are also low starch, low sugar, and high fibre.

Is grain-free horse feed always better?

No, it is not. It is better for some horses, but not automatically for all. The right feed depends on workload, body condition, digestive health, and individual sensitivity. Some horses do very well on a grain-free diet, while others may need a different approach that still suits their needs.

Can a horse get enough energy without grain?

Absolutely. Horses can get enough energy from forage, fibre, oil, and well-formulated complete horse feed. A grain-free diet can still support a performance horse or poor doer if it is carefully balanced and fed in the right quantity.

What should I look for on a grain-free feed label?

Focus on ingredient lists that prioritise fibre sources, plus analytical values for starch and sugar. Confirm that the feed is a complete horse feed, if it contains vitamins and minerals, and how much should be fed each day. The feeding guide counts as much as the ingredients.

Bifid UK

+44 800 422 0888

sales@bifid.co.uk

<https://bifid.com/uk/>

How can I pick the right grain-free horse feed for my horse?

First consider your horse's condition, workload, and any health concerns such as laminitis risk. Refer to horse feed advice uk sources, review feed labels, and decide whether you need a balancer, conditioning feed, or complete **overweight horse feed** horse feed. For horse feed for beginners, a forage-first plan is usually the best starting point.